### New Zealanders and the Arts Ko Aotearoa me ōna Toi

Summary Report

2023 survey findings







### Survey method

#### **ADULT SURVEY**

- Online survey with 6,527 adults aged 15+.
- Fieldwork: November and December 2023.
- Online panels were the main source of respondents.
- Disabled People's organisations shared accessible survey invitations with their networks.

#### YOUNG PERSONS SURVEY

- Online survey with 764 young people aged 10 to 14 years.
- Fieldwork: November 2023.
- 'Parental pass-on' through online panels.

#### For both surveys:

- Responses from Māori, Pacific peoples and Asian New Zealanders were boosted in both surveys.
- Survey data matches Statistics NZ population characteristics (region, age, gender, ethnicity).
- Variety of measures taken to make survey accessible.

### Adult survey findings

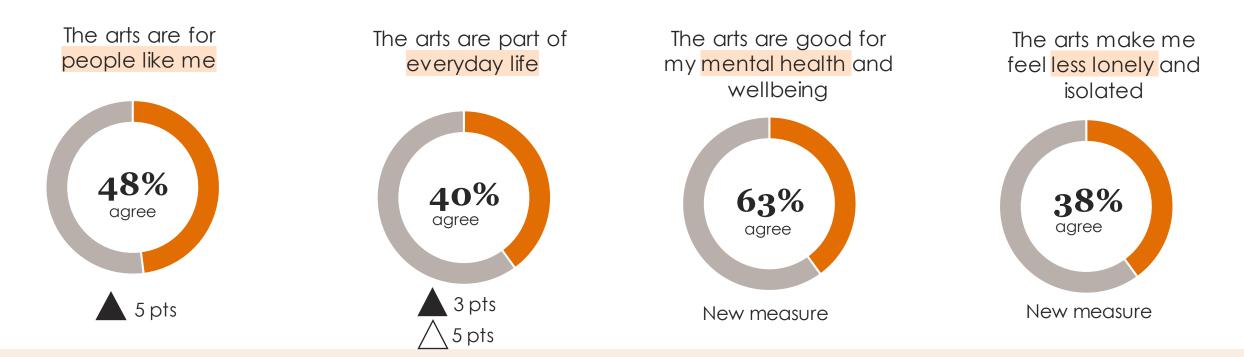






First, let's look at what's changed in how New Zealanders value the arts...

## New Zealanders' personal connection with the arts has grown, and many feel it aids their wellbeing.

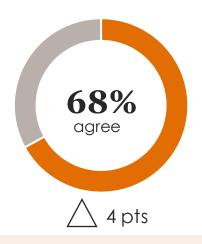


It has helped me overcome my mental health issues that have come up quite recently."

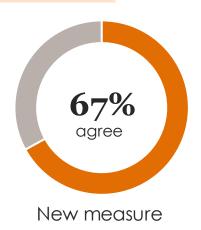
Māori and Pacific woman, 40-49 years, Hawke's Bay

## The arts expand our perspectives. Learning about different cultures is higher than it was pre-pandemic.

I learn about different cultures through the arts



The arts can help raise awareness of issues facing the natural environment / te taiao



The arts help improve New Zealand society



8pt increase between 2014 and 2023

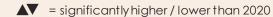
2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

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Brings people from all walks of society together. Increases understanding of other ethnic and social groups. Raises and encourages tolerance of other people."

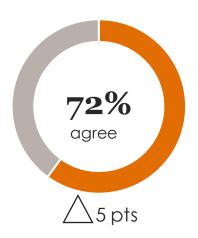
Māori woman, 70+ years, Northland.

 $\Delta \nabla$  = significantly higher / lower than 2017



### The arts connect us with people, place and our past, and shape our identity. This sense of identity is higher than pre-pandemic levels.

The arts should reflect NZ's cultural diversity



The arts help define who we are as

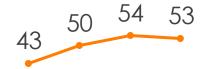
New Zealanders



11pt increase between 2014 and 2023

2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

My community would be poorer without the arts



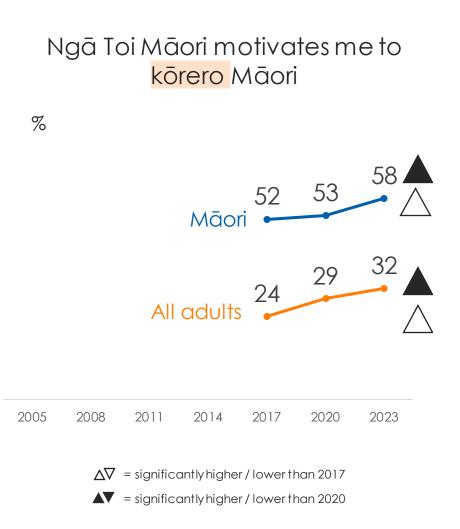
10pt increase between 2014 and 2023

2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

 $\Delta \nabla$  = significantly higher / lower than 2017

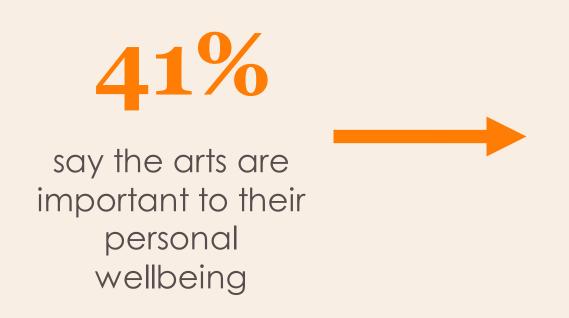
## Ngā toi Māori are increasingly embraced by both Māori and the general adult population.





All six of the Ngā
Toi Māori attitudes
we measured are
either more
widespread or
stronger in 2023.
Here we show two
examples.

People spoke about the enjoyment they experience, how the arts aid their mental health and wellbeing, and are opportunities for self-expression and connection...



Top reasons why the arts are important to people's wellbeing

In their own words...

- 1 Adds enjoyment
- Good for mental health and wellbeing
- 3 Encourages self-expression
- Relaxing and therapeutic
- Brings people together and encourages connections

Verian

...and how the arts improve society because of the opportunity to learn and understand one another's perspectives.



say the arts improve NZ society

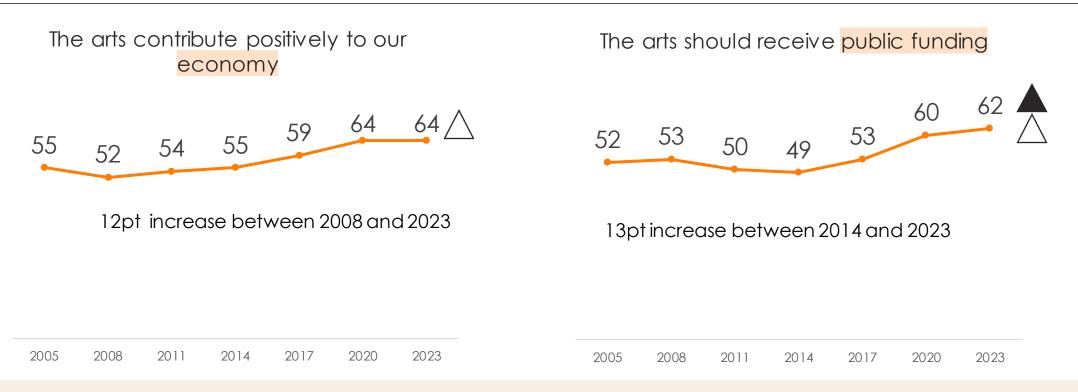
#### Top reasons why the arts improve society

In their own words...

- Brings people together
- 2 Encourages self-expression
- Helps us understand other cultures and our own
- Thought provoking broadens minds and generates discussion
- Helps us understand other perspectives

Verian

# The economic benefits of the arts are evident to more New Zealanders, and support for public funding is higher than ever.



Creativity drives success, not only in the arts, but in all spheres of life including business and sciences. A nation that neglects the arts is not 'saving money'. It's making its people poorer all round. Trying to save money in tough economic times by defunding the arts is an incredibly short-sighted move. Nobody benefits in the long term."

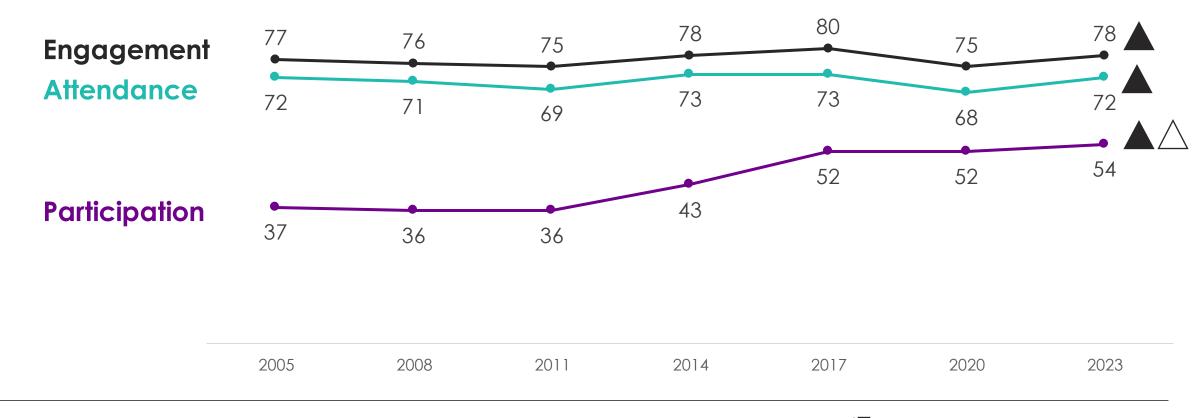
NZ European woman, 60-69 years, Auckland.

 $\Delta \nabla$  = significantly higher / lower than 2017

Next we look at how New Zealanders engage, attend, and participate in the arts...

## Steady growth over the last decade in arts participation is evident.

Have you [attended or participated in any artforms] in the last 12 months? %



 $\triangle \nabla$  = significantly higher / lower than 2017

## Attendance has risen across all artforms, with record highs for visual arts, craft and object art, Ngā toi Māori and Pacific arts.

#### Proportion who have attended the art form in the last 12 months

%

Visual arts



Performing arts



Craft and object art



2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

2005 2008 2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

Ngā toi Māori



Pacific arts



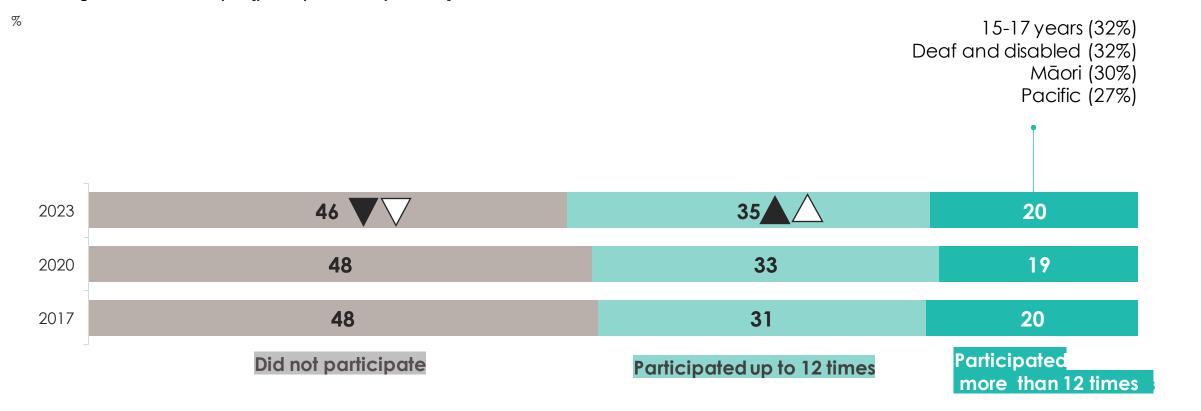
Literary arts



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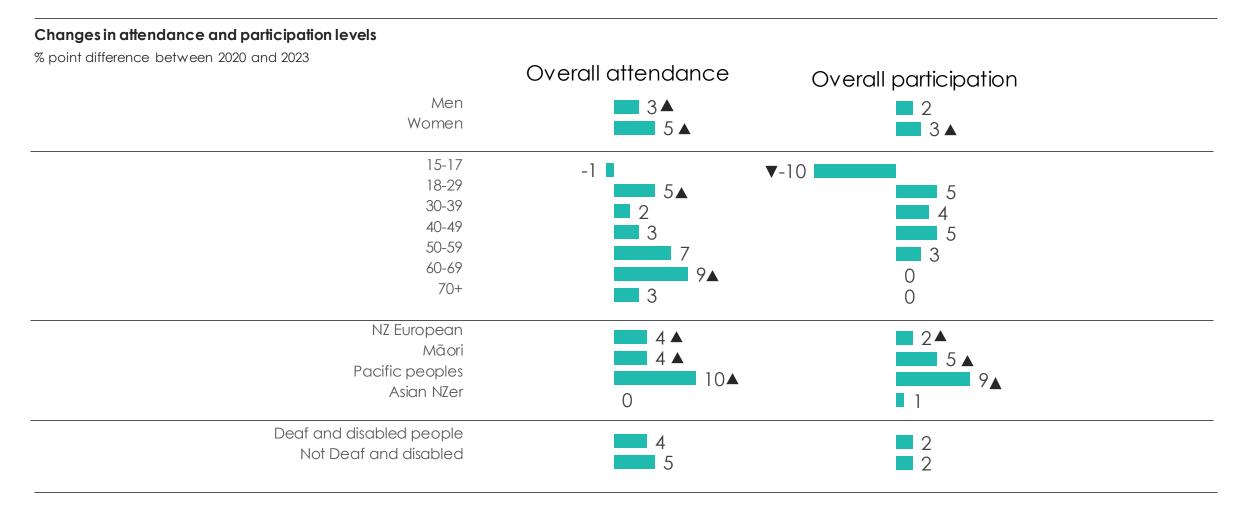
# Young people, Deaf and disabled, Māori and Pacific peoples participate in the arts most frequently.

On average, how often have you [participated in any artform] in the last 12 months?



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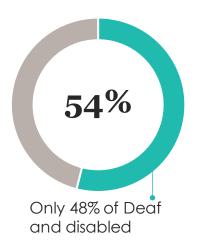
### Some demographic subgroups are driving the change in attendance and participation more than others.



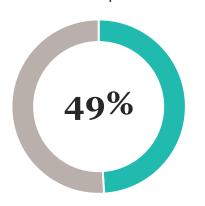
Next, we consider how we can increase engagement with the arts...

### People are divided over the accessibility and inclusiveness of the arts and this hasn't shifted since 2020.

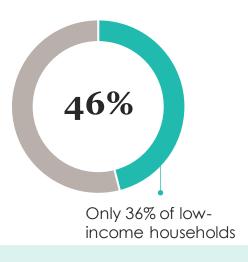
I am easily able to access the arts in my community



My community has a broad range of arts & artistic activities I can experience



I can afford to participate in creative activities in my community



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Arts is only for some people, especially in our economic environment."

Man, 50-59, Asian New Zealander, Waikato

I have taken classes and spent time learning, and I realise how valuable it is. It's important to me to live somewhere I can access opportunities like this."

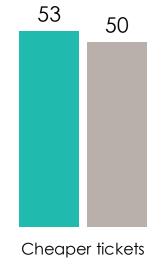
Woman, 30-39, NZ European, Canterbury

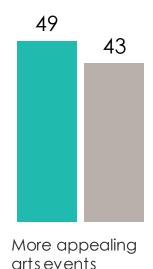
#### Addressing key barriers present an opportunity to increase attendance further.

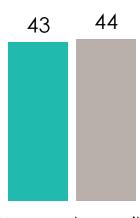
% who say this would make a difference to going to the arts more often

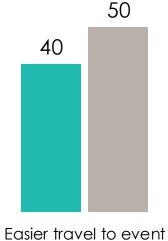
35 30

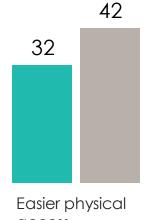
Deaf and Disabled













Someone to go with

access

welcome

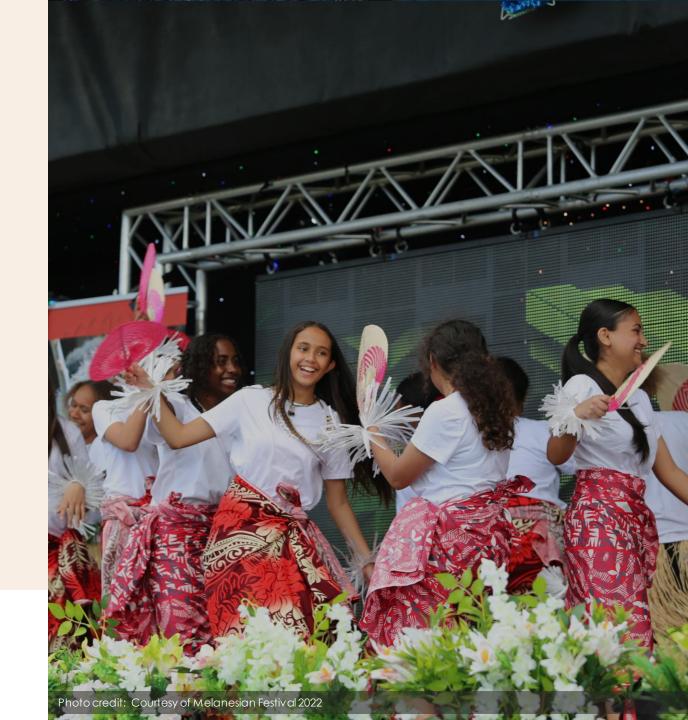
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# Young persons survey findings



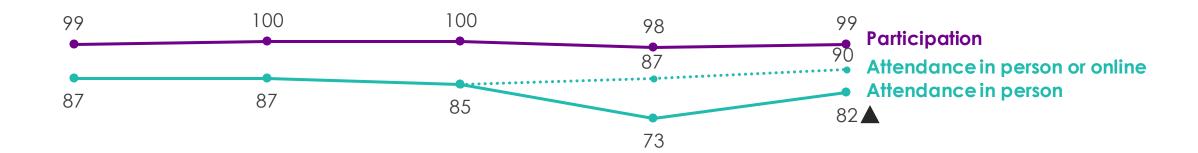




### Participation is almost universal among young people and inperson attendance has rebounded after COVID.

Overall participation and in-person attendance

%

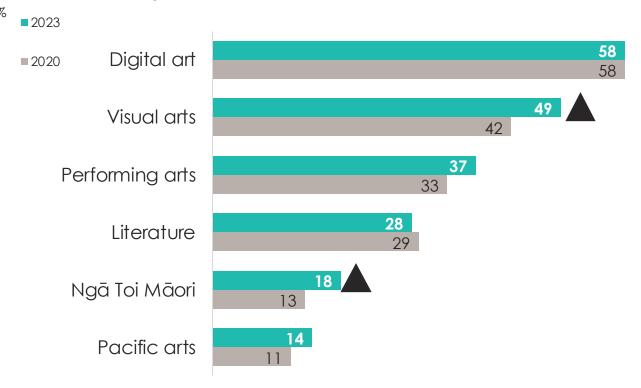


2011 2014 2017 2020 2023

 $\Delta \nabla$  = significantly higher / lower than 2017

# Since 2020, more young people want to be involved with art, driven by greater interest in visual arts and Ngā toi Māori.

#### Which of these would you like to be more involved with?



### Want to be more involved with an art form:

2023: **92** 

2020: 88

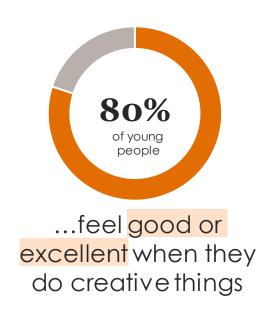
2017: 91

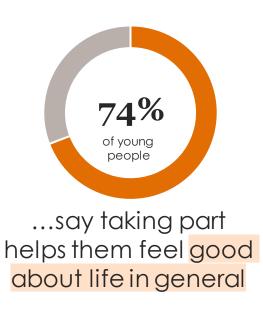
2014: 97

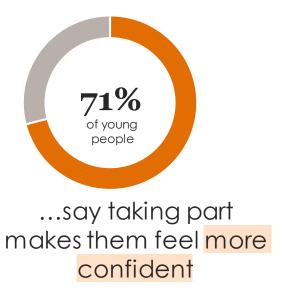
2011: 93

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## Young people continue to feel good about doing creative activities.







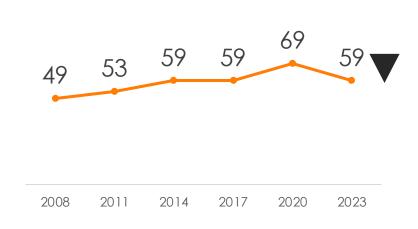
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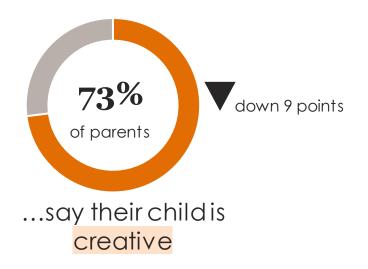
Art usually makes me marvel at what people can do. Maybe one day I can do that too!" Girl, 13 years

## However, young people's self-reported creativity has returned to pre-pandemic levels.

#### How creative are you?

% creative (young person self-rating)





Sometimes they are boring and sometimes the teacher puts too many restrictions on the type of art we can do" Boy, 14 years

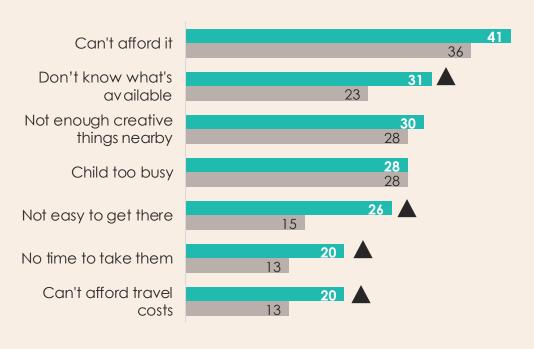
# And while parents are strongly supportive of their child taking part in the arts, barriers to greater involvement have increased.



5 of the 11 parental attitudes measured have weakened since 2020, and barriers have increased

Biggest barriers to child not taking part or attending the arts as often as the parent would like

%



20232020

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